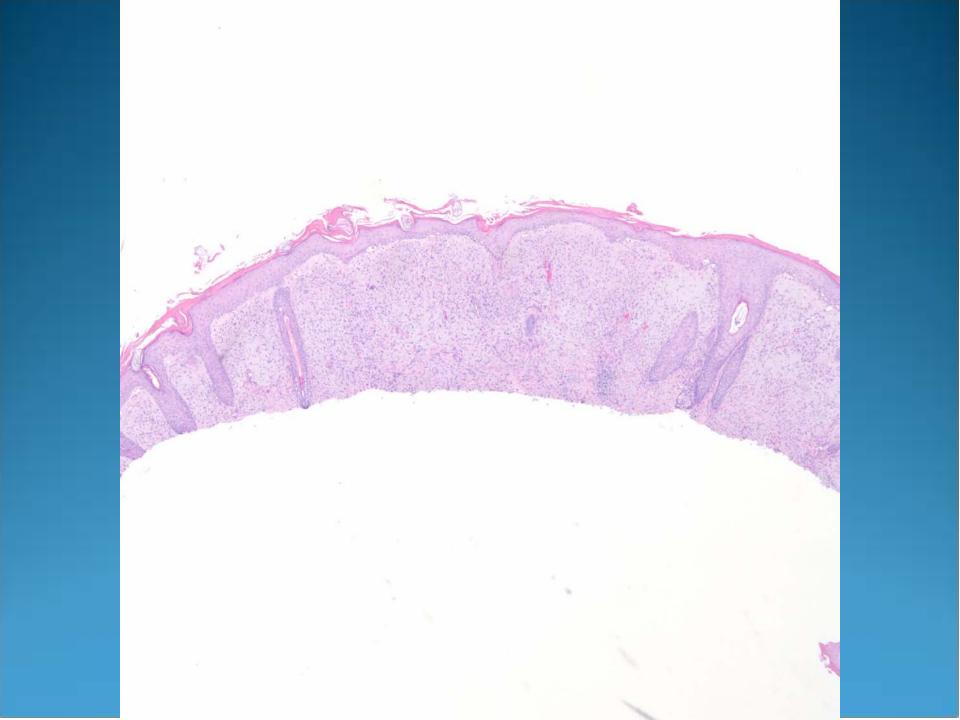
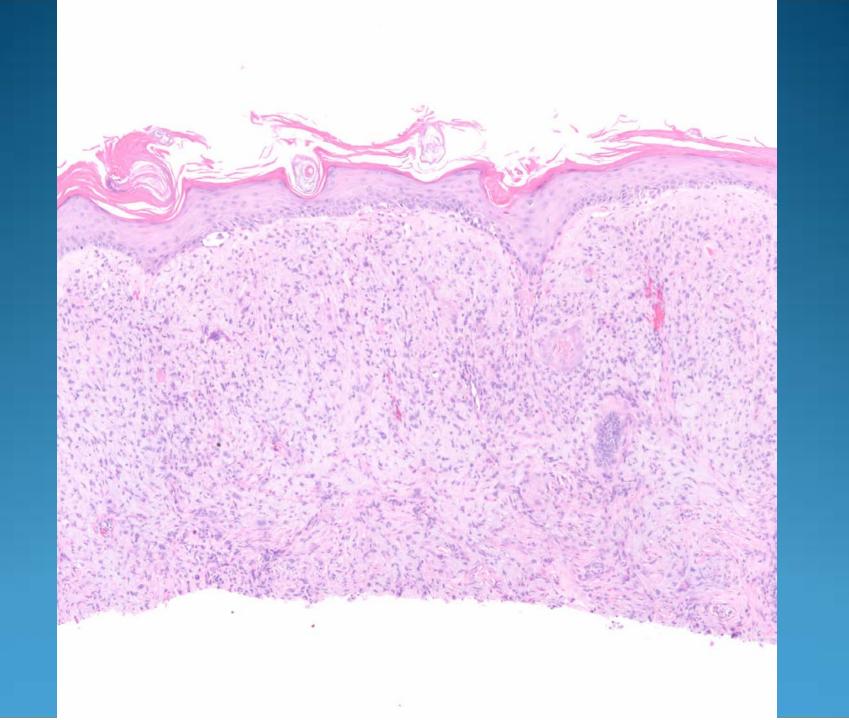
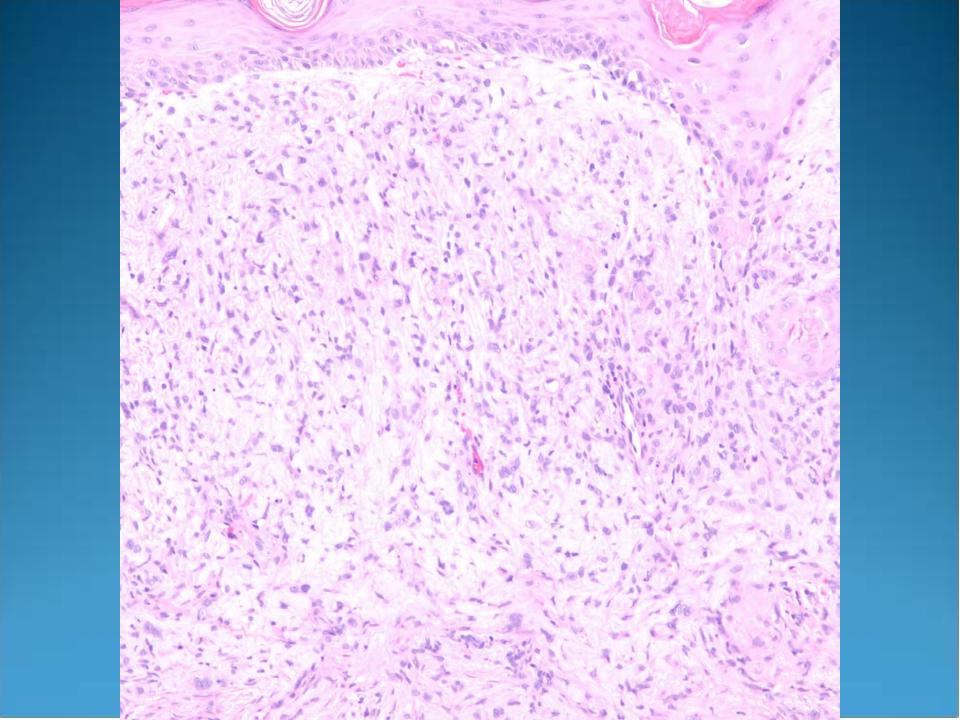
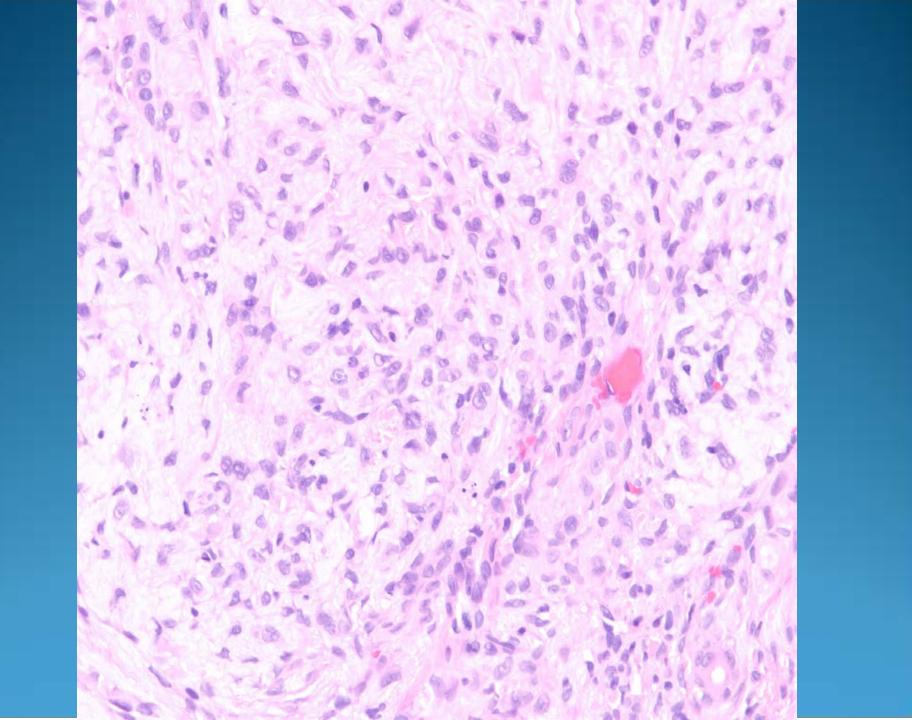
Dermatopathology Slide Review Part 51

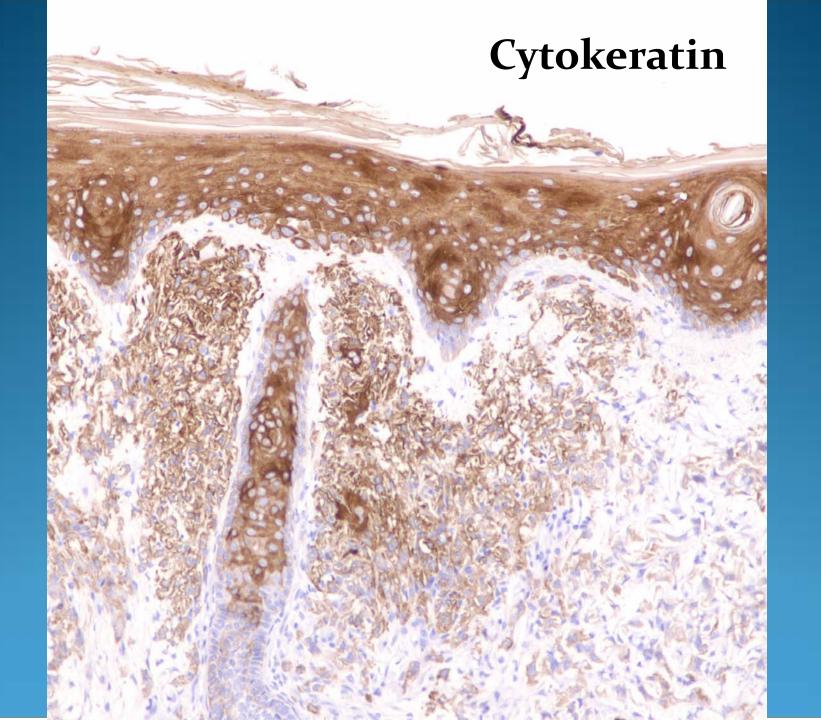
Paul K. Shitabata, M.D. Dermatopathology Institute



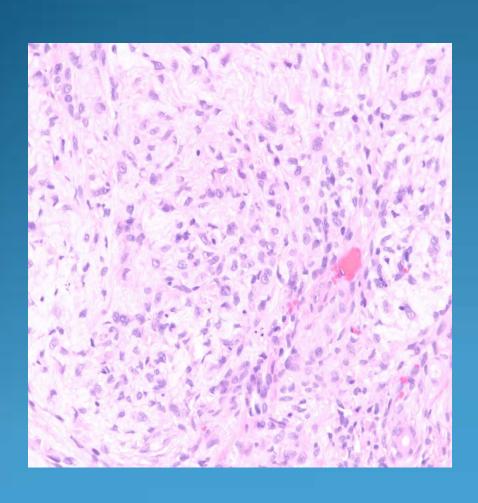




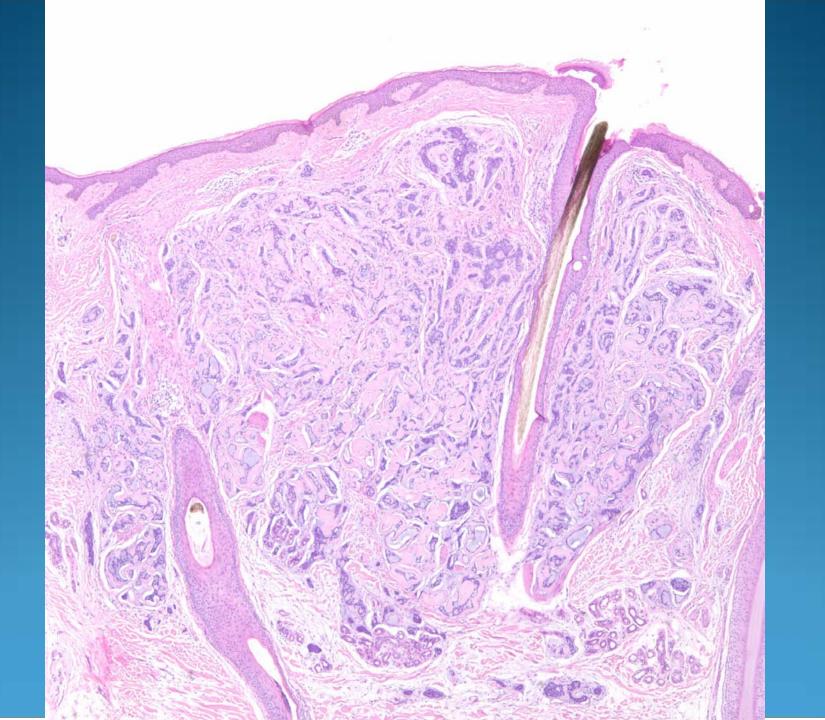


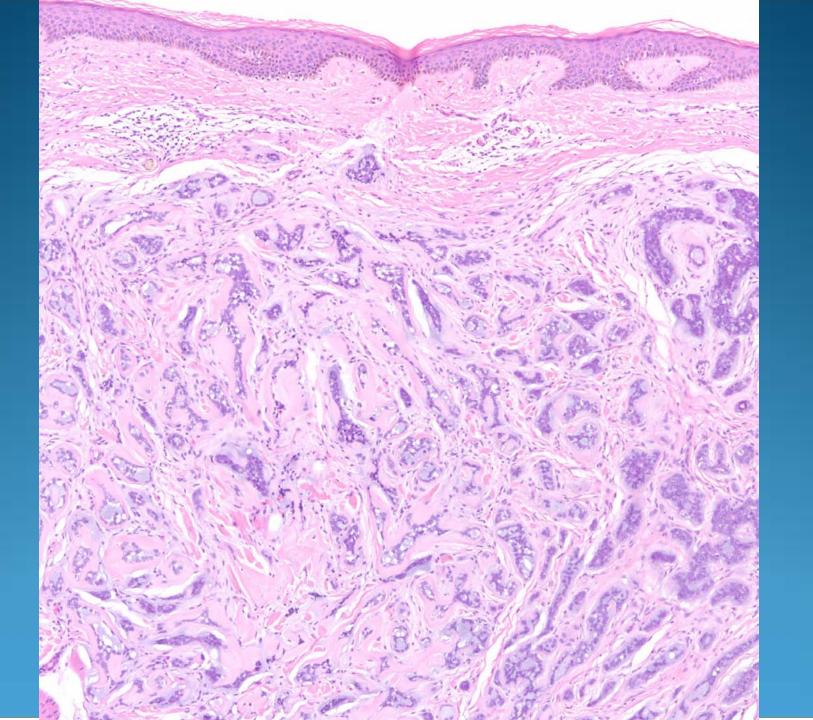


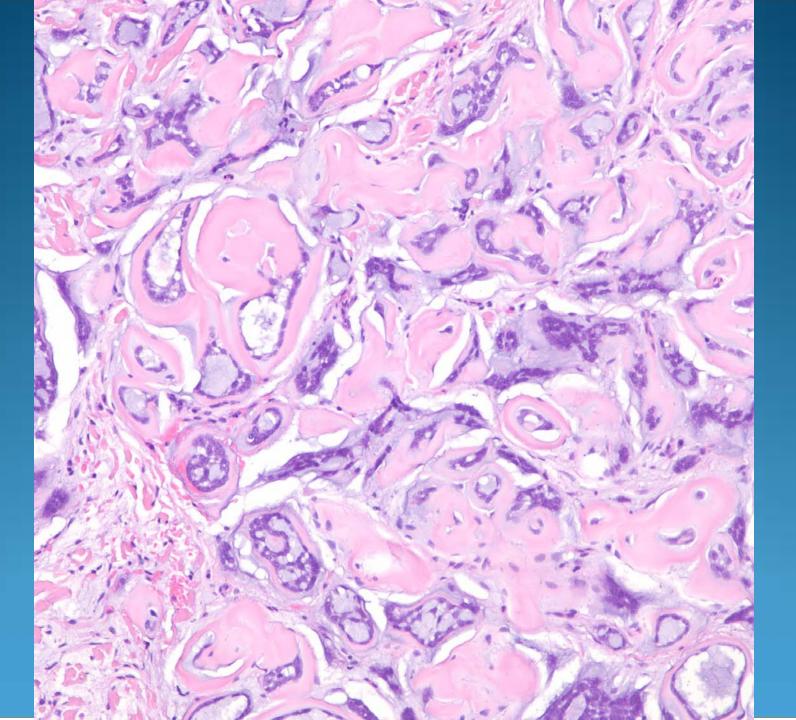
Invasive Squamous Cell Carcinoma, Poorly Differentiated

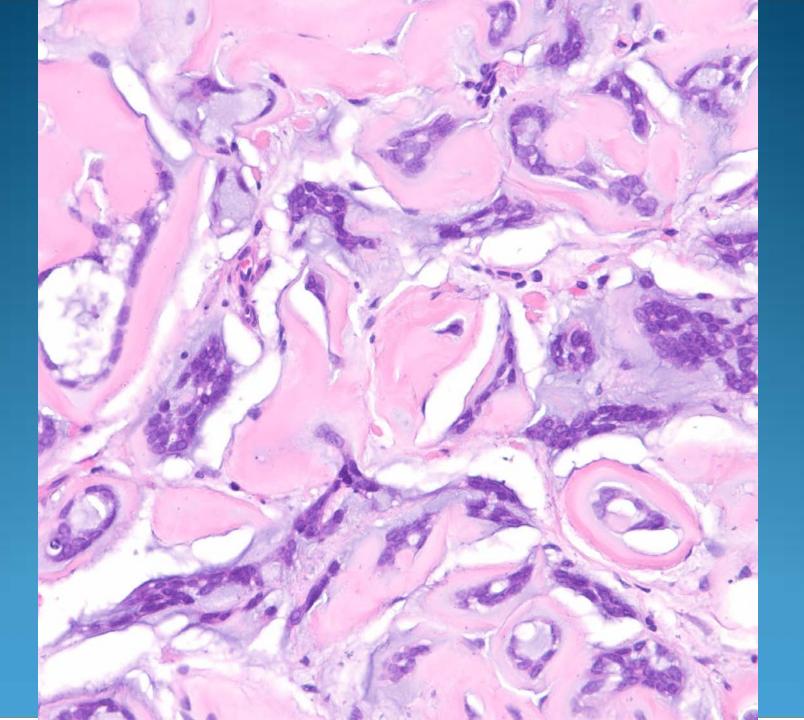


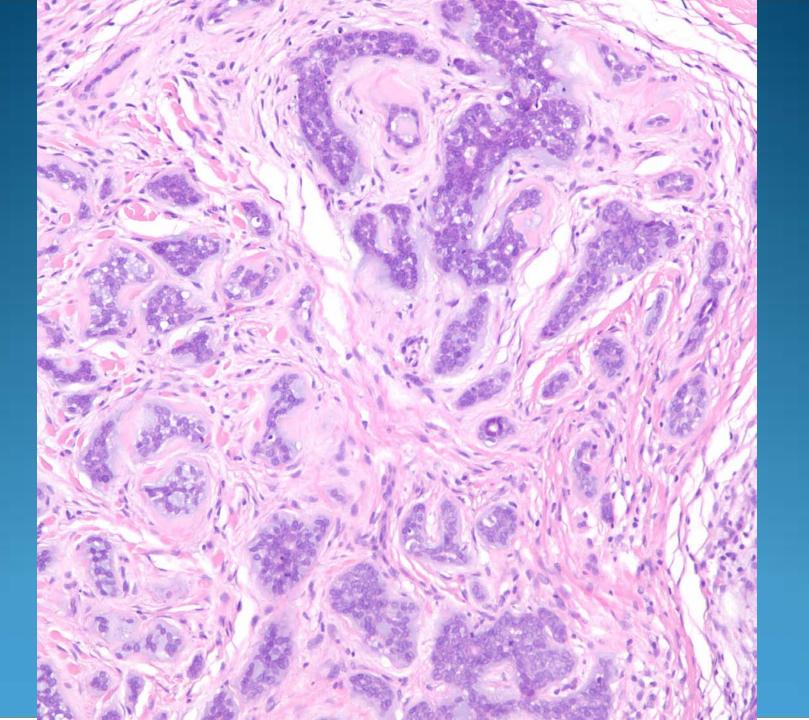
- Diffuse sheets of cytologically malignancy spindle cells
- Squamous pearl formation and epidermal attachment may be difficult to find
- May need IHC (Cytokeratin)to confirm

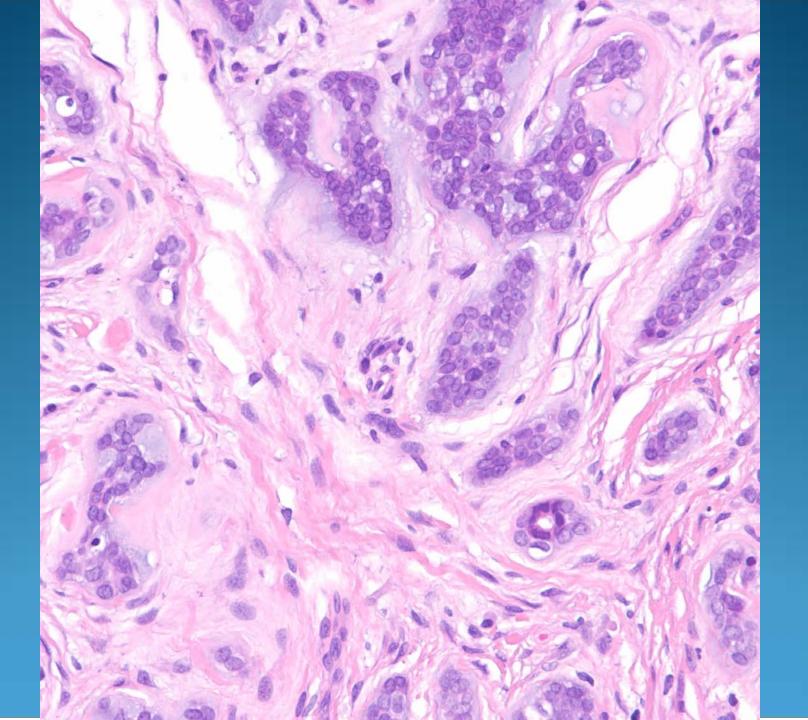




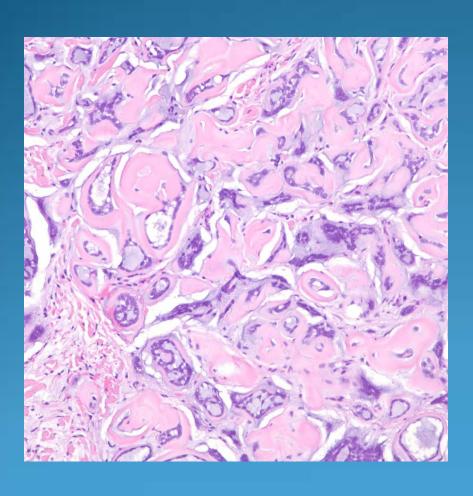




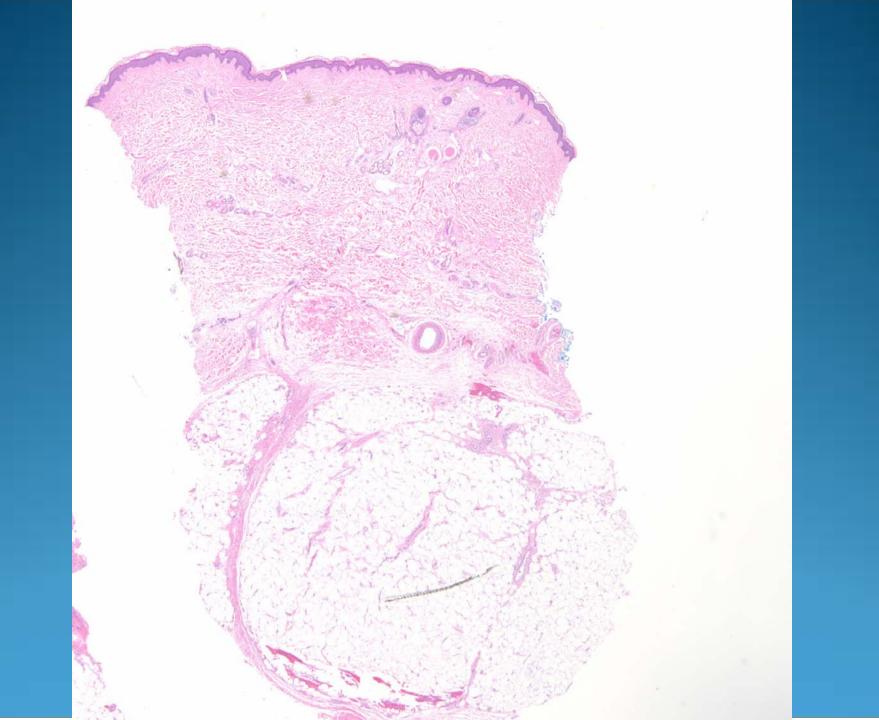


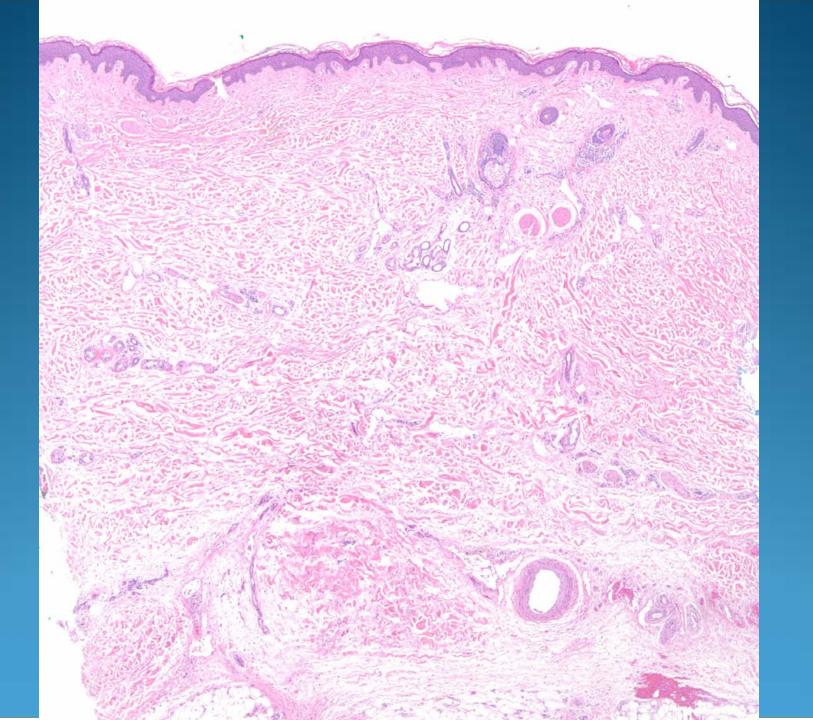


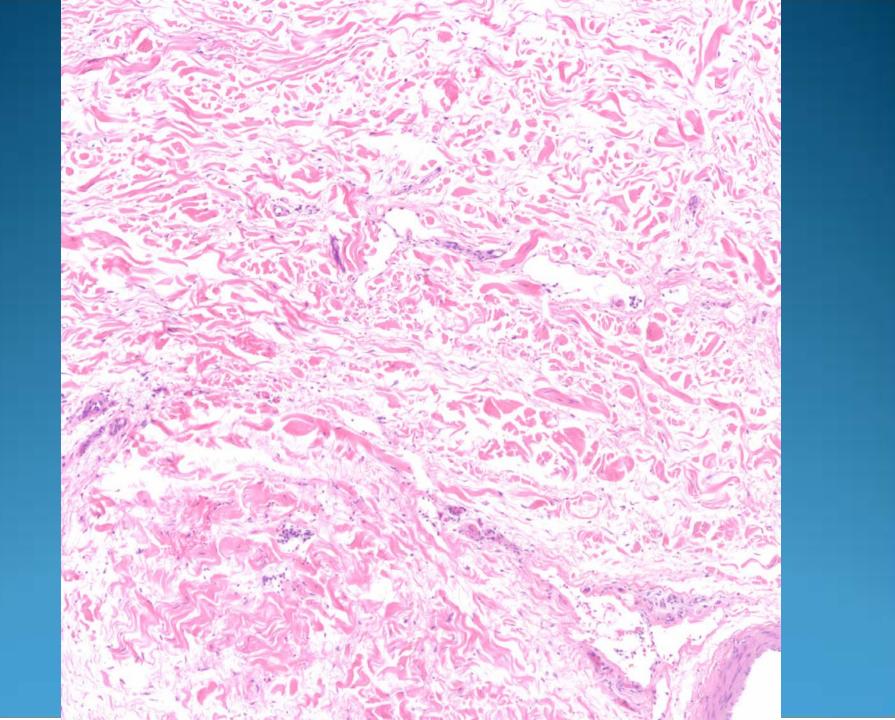
Adenoid Cystic Carcinoma of the Skin

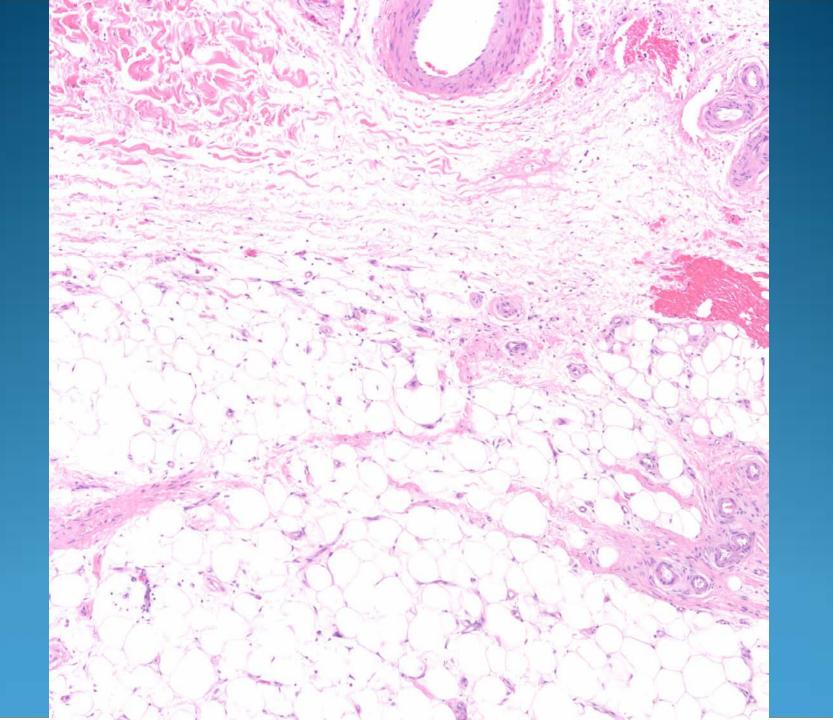


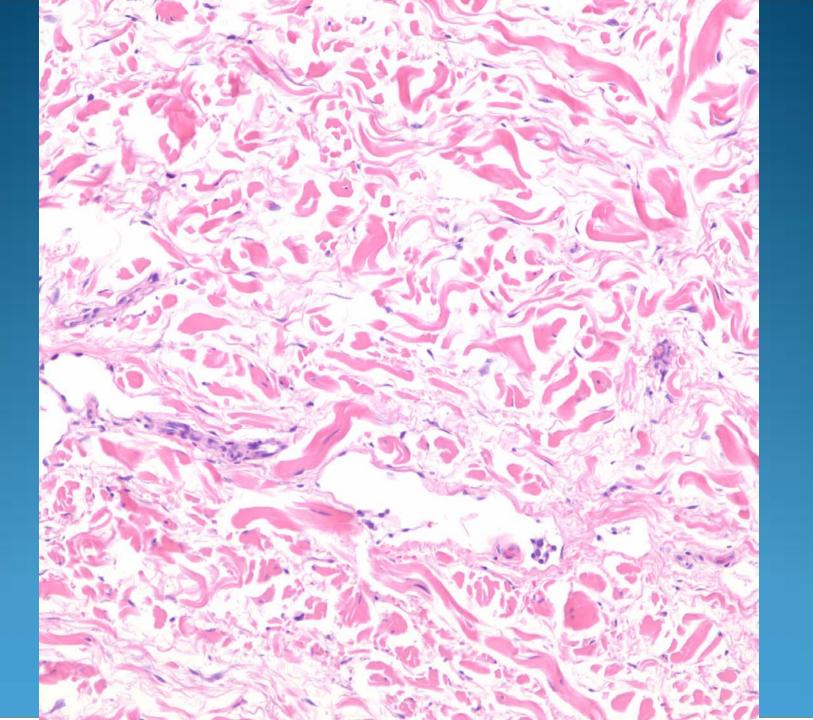
- Cellular blue tumor with "cookie cutter – like"architecture and hyalinized basement membranes
- Always rule out metastatic adenoid cystic carcinoma to the skin

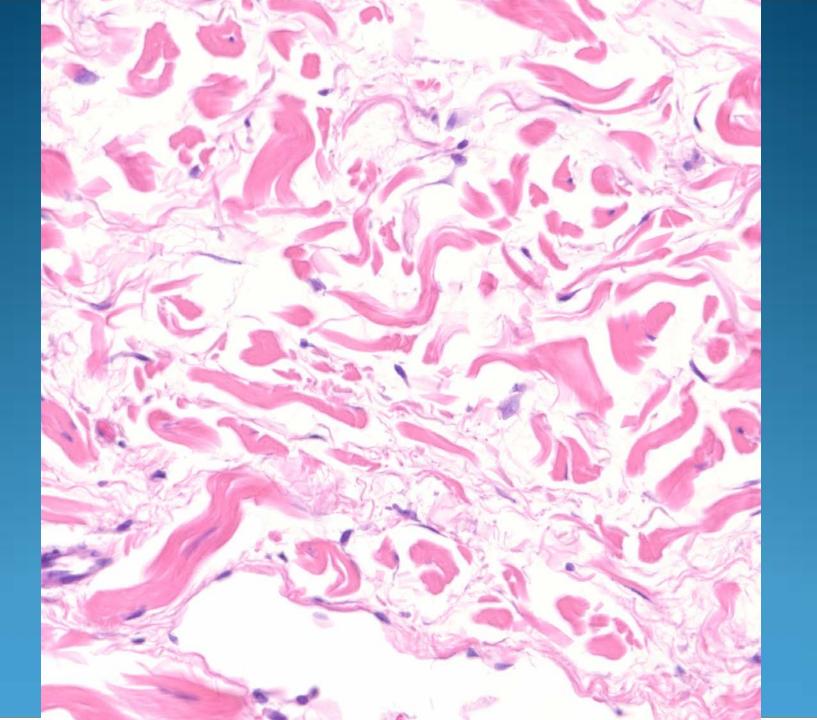






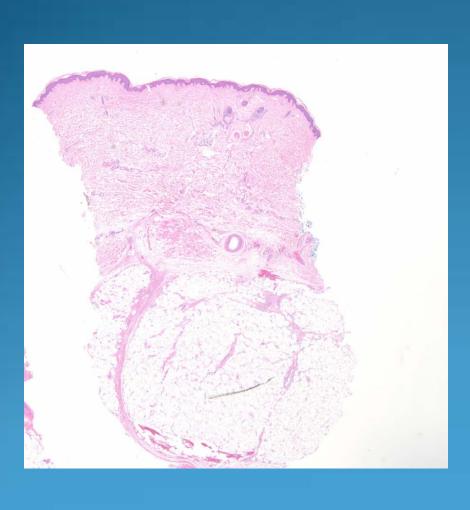




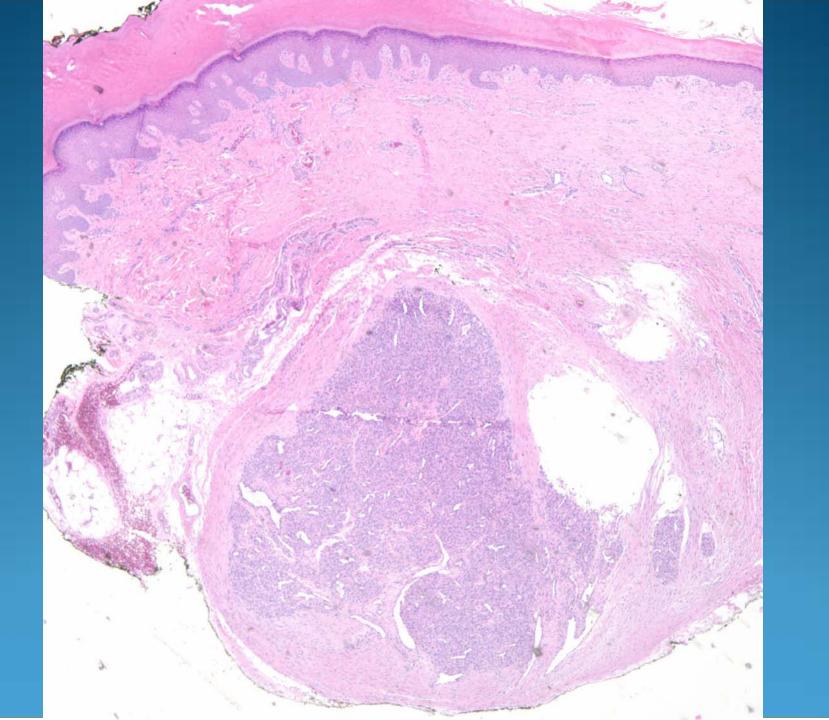


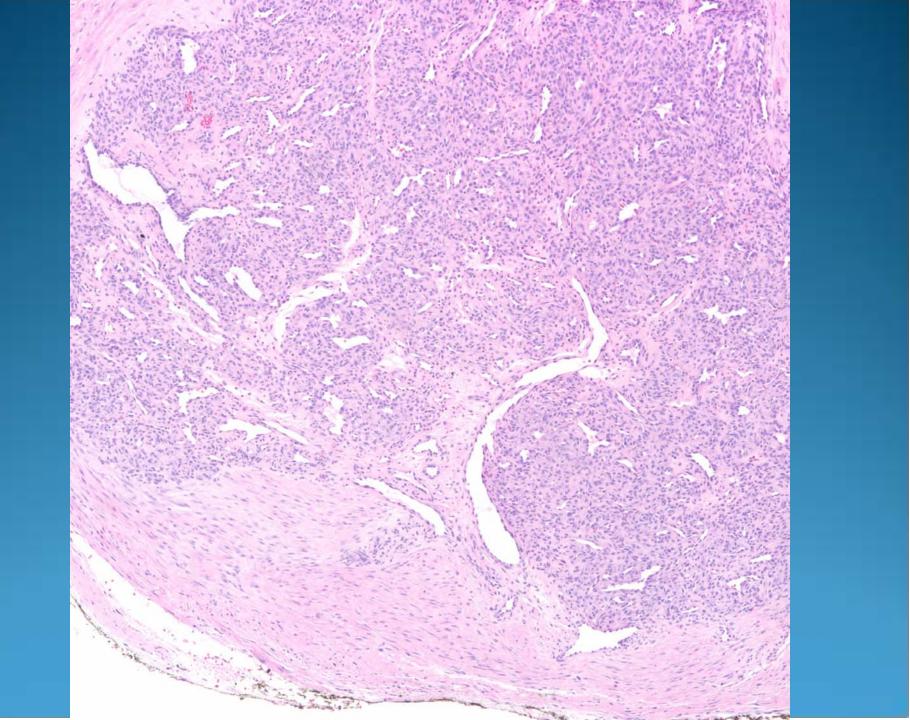


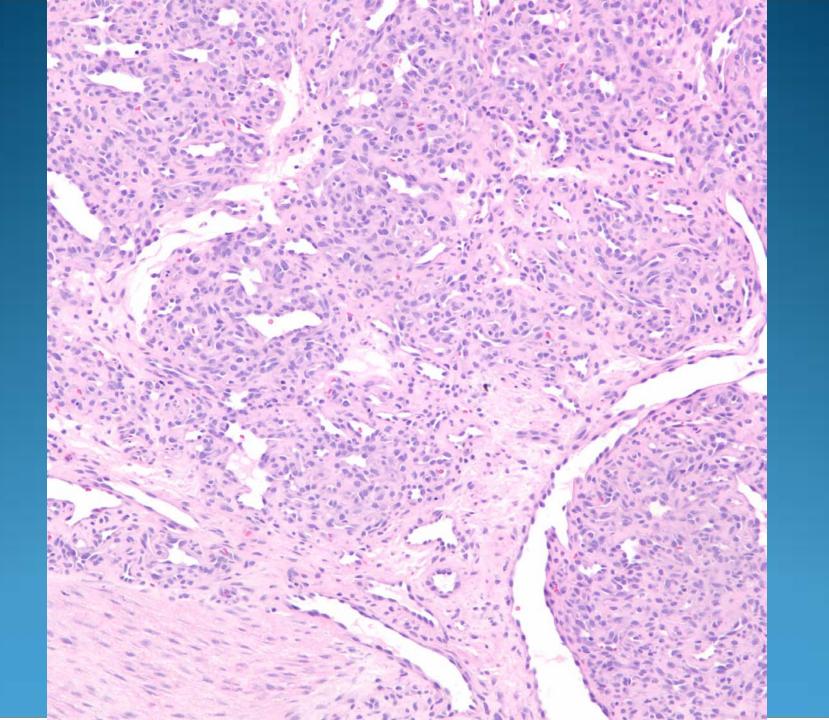
Scleromyxedema

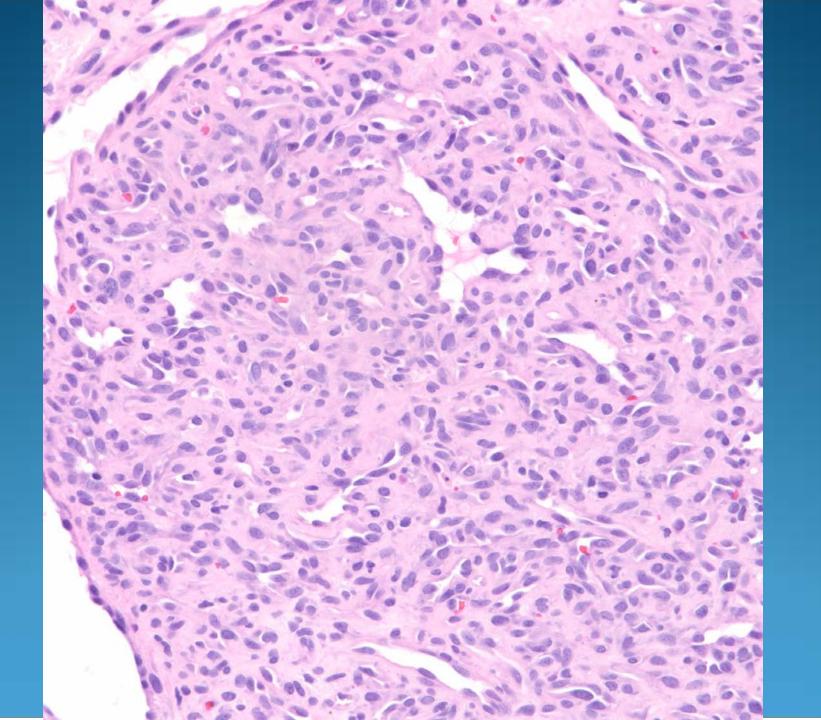


- Square biopsy sign
- Dermal mucinosis with fibroplasia, usually papillary dermis>reticular dermis
- May need colloidal iron or other mucin stains to confirm

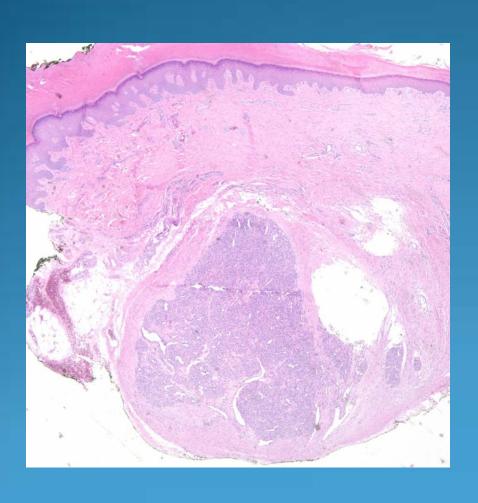




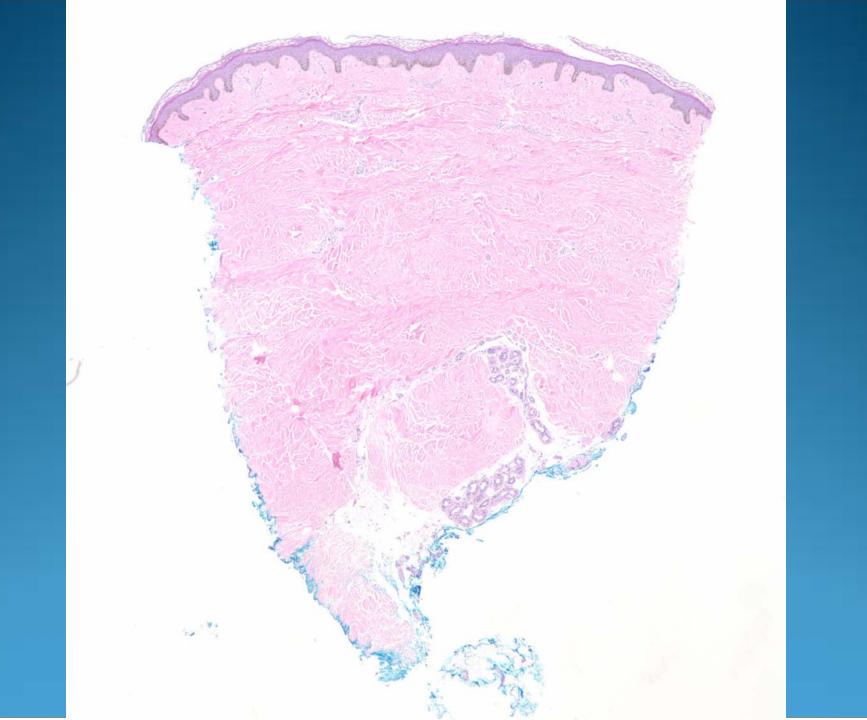


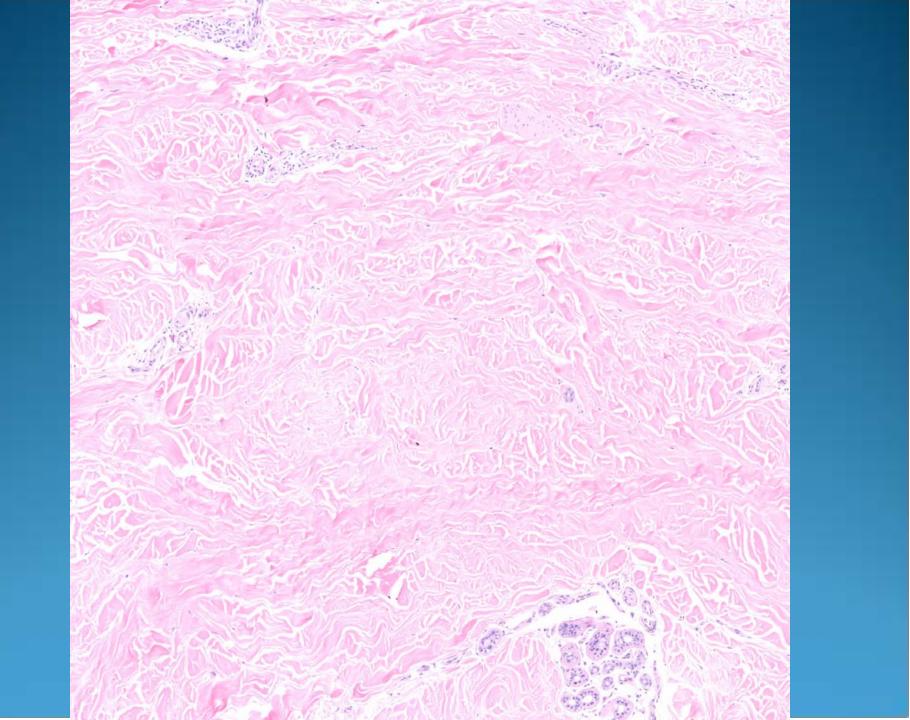


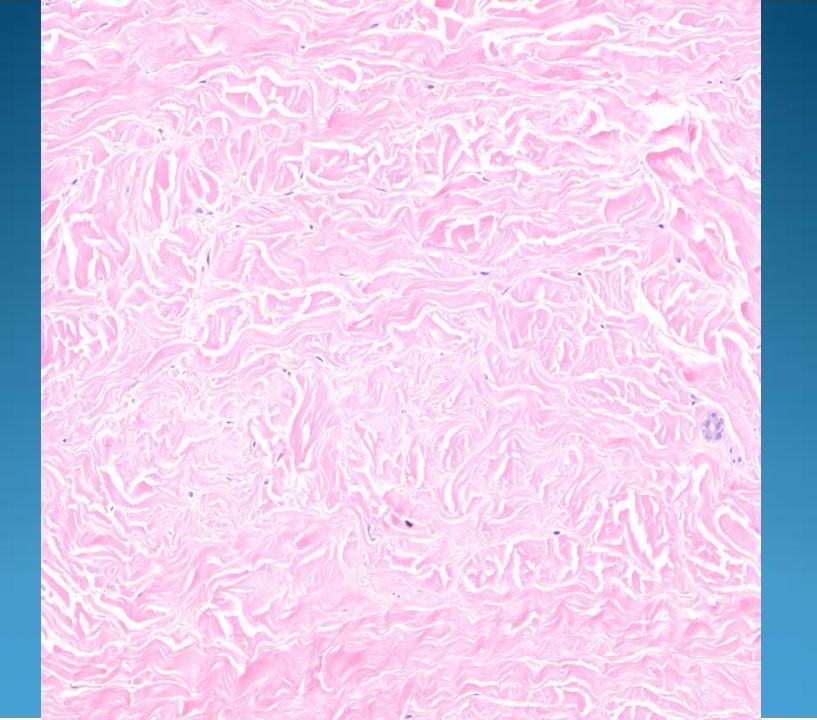
Intravascular Pyogenic Granuloma

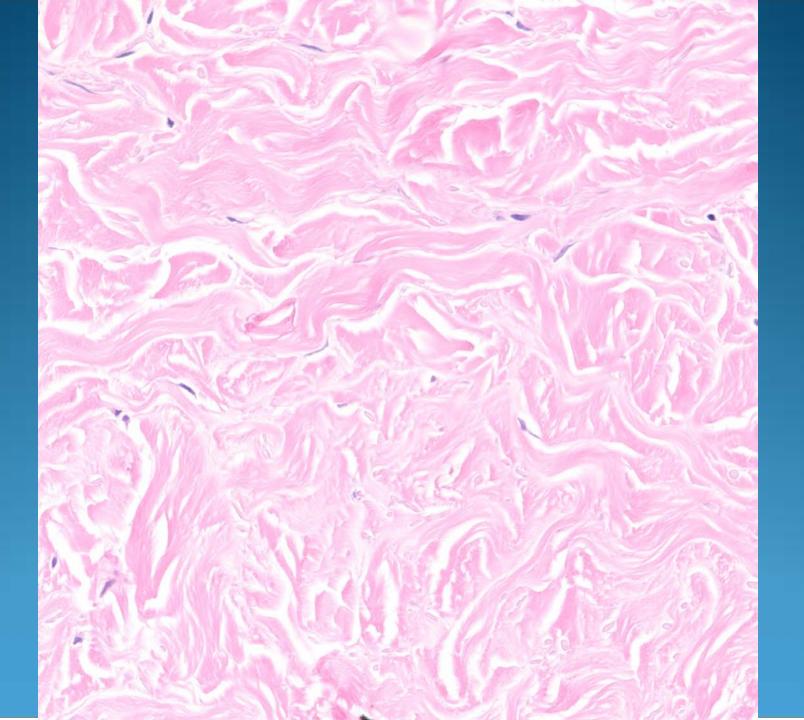


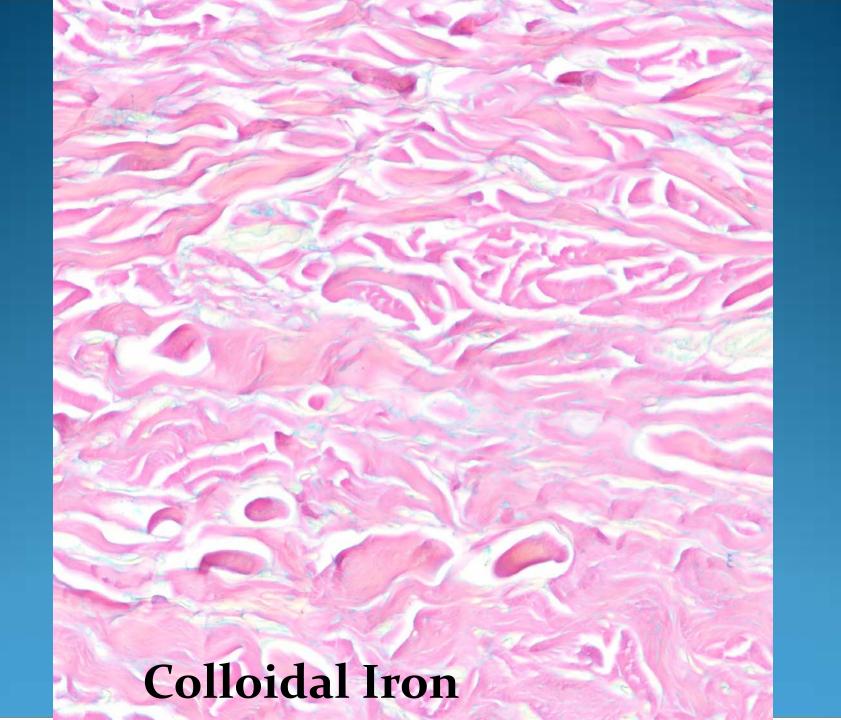
- Circumscribed intravascular proliferation of capillarysized vessels arranged in lobular configuration
- Resembles an organizing thrombus but more lobular architecture



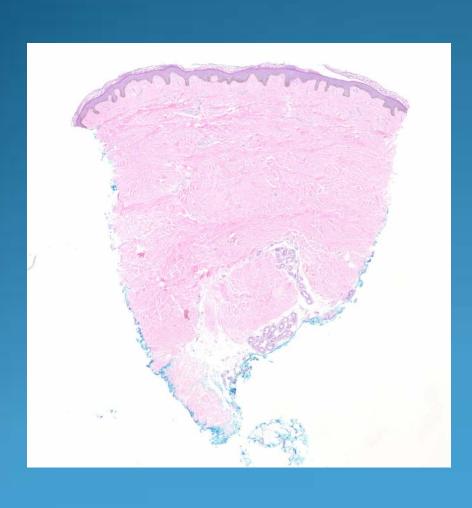








Scleredema



- Square biopsy with dermal sclerosis
- Slits in dermis with subtle wispy mucin, confirm with colloidal iron
- Minimal to absent inflammatory infiltrate